ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

Mrs N Lewis
Mr R Coursey
Mr M Broadbent
Mr J Jones
Ms J Poston
Mr A Hodgkinson
Mr S J Woolfe
Mr C A Whitlock
Ms L A Kendall
Mr J R Edwards

Mr A Bumstead

(Appointed 5 December 2021) (Appointed 2 March 2022)

Company number

00962892

Registered office

Alpha House 4 Greek Street Stockport Cheshire United Kingdom SK3 8AB

Accountants

**Azets** 

Alpha House 4 Greek Street Stockport Cheshire United Kingdom

SK3 8AB

**Bankers** 

HSBC Bank Plc 2-4 St Anns Square

Manchester United Kingdom M2 7HD

### CONTENTS

			Page
Directors' report			1
Accountants' report			2
Income and expenditure account			3
*			
Balance sheet			4
Notes to the financial statements			5 - 9

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be that of the recruitment, training and provision of marshals for motor sport.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mrs N Lewis

Mr R Coursey

Mr P W Wiltshire

(Resigned 5 December 2021)

Mr M Broadbent

Mr J Jones

Ms J Poston

Mr A Hodgkinson

Mr R S McEwan

(Resigned 24 October 2021)

Mr S J Woolfe

Mr C A Whitlock

Ms L A Kendall

Mr J R Edwards

(Appointed 5 December 2021)

Mr A Bumstead

(Appointed 2 March 2022)

#### Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Steph Worte

Director

Date: 2 8 2022

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BRITISH MOTORSPORTS MARSHALS' CLUB LTD (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) for the year ended 31 December 2021 set out on pages 3 to 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee), as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 8 June 2021. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee), as a body, in this report. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee). You consider that British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee). For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Azets

Accountants

4/8/22

Alpha House 4 Greek Street Stockport Cheshire United Kingdom SK3 8AB

## INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
Income	59,908	93,567
Cost of sales	(42,320)	(57,467)
Gross surplus	17,588	36,100
Administrative expenses	(19,138)	(27,386)
Other operating income	6,885	11,943
Surplus before taxation	5,335	20,657
Tax on surplus		18
Surplus for the financial year	5,335	20,657
	W ====================================	

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021		2020	
Notes	£	£	£	£
4		7 270		0.404
5		100		9,194
				-
		7,378		9,294
	6,681		6,756	
6	10,970			
	127,516		120,604	
	145,167		134,162	
			0.000	
7	(8,611)		(4,857)	
		136,556		129,305
				3
		143,934		138,599
		143,934		138,599
				Mary and the same
		143,934		138,599
	4 5	Notes £  4 5  6,681 10,970 127,516 145,167	7,278 100 7,378 6,681 10,970 127,516 145,167 7 (8,611) 136,556 143,934	Notes £ £ £ £  4 7,278 100 7,378  6 10,970 127,516 120,604 145,167 136,556 143,934  143,934

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $\frac{2}{8}/2022$  and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr S J Woolfe

Steplenwood

Director

Company Registration No. 00962892

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

British Motorsports Marshals' Club Ltd (a Company limited by guarantee) is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Alpha House, 4 Greek Street, Stockport, Cheshire, SK3 8AB.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% / 33% on cost

Computer equipment

25% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

#### 1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The company is exempt from corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit.

#### 1.10 Company limited by guarantee

The British Motorsports Marshals' Club Limited, being a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital, has the following clause included in its Memorandum and Articles of Association:-

That every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of the same being wound-up during the time he is a member or within one year thereof for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before the time at which he ceased to be a member and the costs, shares and expenses of winding-up the same and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves such amount as may be required not to exceed £1.

The directors estimate that at 31 December 2021, the guarantees totalled £2,344 (2020: £2,309).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

2021

Number

2020

Number

Total		÷,	-
Tangible fixed assets			
			Plant and machinery
			etc
Cost			£
At 1 January 2021			37,253
Additions			3,466
At 31 December 2021			40,719
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 January 2021			28,059
Depreciation charged in the year			5,382
V. 2002			
At 31 December 2021			33,441
Corneing amount			
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021			7.070
At 31 December 2021			7,278
At 31 December 2020			9,194
			5,194

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5	Fixed asset investments		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Investments	100	100
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
			Investments other than loans
	Cook annualmention		£
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2021 & 31 December 2021		100
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2021		100
	At 31 December 2020		100
			===
6	Debtors		
		2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	8,127	4,341
	Other debtors	2,843	2,461
		10,970	6,802
		-	_
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	171	48
	Corporation tax	(85)	
	Other creditors	8,525	4,894
		8,611	4,857

#### 8 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

### **MANAGEMENT INFORMATION**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## DETAILED TRADING AND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		0004		
	C	2021		2020
Income	£	£	£	£
Subscriptions		04.400		
		24,426		43,145
Training income-BMSTT		1,300		24,408
Regalia income		1,789		4,680
Race income		17,460		8,085
Clothing subsidy income		14,933		13,249
		59,908		93,567
Cost of sales				00,007
Purchases and other direct costs				
Regalia-costs	1,889		4,328	
Race expenses	16,006		8,414	
Clothing subsidy expense	13,133		9,969	
Fraining	1,166		24,287	
nsurance	4,744			
Depreciation on plant and machinery	5		5,167	
repreciation on plant and machinery	5,382		5,302	
Total purchases and other direct costs	42,320		57,467	
Total cost of sales		(42,320)	v v	(57,467
Gross surplus	29.36%	17,588	38.58%	36,100
				,
Other operating income				
nterests received	5		48	
Other receipts	6,880		11,895	
		6,885		11,943
Administrative expenses				
T expenditure	4,864		0.000	
egal and professional fees			3,226	
	2,229		3,816	
Bank charges	1,285		1,840	
Printing, postage and stationery	3,150		3,987	
Advertising	<del>-</del>		2,721	
elephone	-		528	
Sundry expenses	=		299	
Regional administration	2,896		3,070	
Membership costs	2,262		2,282	
lational administration (including AGM)	2,452		5,617	
		(19,138)		(27,386)
Operating surplus		E 225		00.055
verganing authina		5,335		20,657